The Second Victim Experience: Train-the-Trainer Workshop



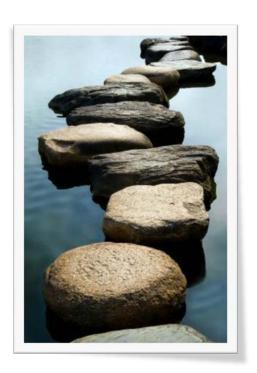
Active Caring – Skill Practice





Walking Through the Interaction

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Exploration
- 3. Information
- 4. Follow-up







Introduction

Initiate the conversation
Introduce yourself as a peer supporter
Explain the goal of the peer support team

- How are you doing with this all of this?
- What do you need?
- · I am here if you want to talk now.





Exploration

Allow time for the expression of emotions...

What are their thoughts...

What are their reactions...

What are their symptoms...

- How are you feeling?
- What part are you having problems with right now?
- Are you having any unusual or disruptive thoughts?
- How are things going for you?





Information "Normalizing"

Provide information

- Discuss destructive behaviors
- Discuss normal reactions to unusual situations
- You need to know that you are not the first person in health care to experience these feelings...
- This might take some time...
- I'm sorry that you are going through this...
- What are you doing to take care of yourself?





Follow up

Is an additional visit needed?

- o Provide pamphlets
- o Touch base as needed (1 day- 2 wks)

Referral to additional resources

- Patient Safety
- o Risk Management
- o Department Leaders

Additional assistance

Contact team leader





Conquering Stress:



Healthy Living

Stress Management Techniques







for YOU Resources/Stress Tools





Communication Advice

- Focus on the person and their experience
- Engage in active listening
- Reflect back what you hear the person say
- Maintain good (non-verbal) body language
- Keep good eye contact
- Validate from your perspective as a peer who has also experienced an unanticipated clinical event











Reflections

- What went well?
- What felt awkward?
- What tip did you learn from your colleague?

We do not learn from experience... we learn from reflecting on experience.

- John Dewey



Words of Caution

- Know your limits
- Know your own issues
- Debriefing of the debriefer is essential











Emotional Group Support

Facilitated discussion

Thoughts

Reactions

Symptoms

Educate

Provide pamphlets

Additional resources

Additional follow up, if required





Special Considerations

Emotional Group Debriefing

Trained facilitators must facilitate 'Lifeguards' = Peer Team Members

Observer during debrief Additional follow-up





Questions....

"When we deny feelings, they struggle for life.

When we give voice to our feelings, they

die birthing."

Darwin Crosland, 2016



