# New Jersey Hospital Improvement Innovation Network (NJHIIN) *Annual Update*

September 29, 2017





### Agenda

- Overview of New Jersey Hospital Improvement Innovation Network (NJHIIN) initiative
- Hospital-specific NJHIIN reports
- Collaborative updates
- Questions and answers



### **NJ HIINnovation Team**

- Aline Holmes: NJHIIN Director
- Lauren Rava: PFE, falls, antimicrobial stewardship, ADE
- Angela Centellas: Data reports, pressure injuries, VTE
- Pat Dimino: CAUTI, CLABSI, STRIVE CDI
- Jennifer Barrett Sryfi: Readmissions, health disparities
- Soniya Sheth: Safe imaging, ADE

- Mary Ditri: High Reliability, behavioral health, substance abuse
- Nancy Winter: Director of Education
- Dara Elkholy: Sepsis readmissions
- Kim Hewitson: Interpreter training, OAT survey, website, newsletter, creative design
- Shannon Davila: Sepsis, HAI, surgical safety



#### Overview

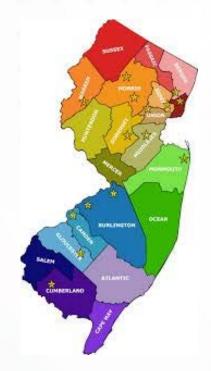
- Funded by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
- Builds on previous four years of Partnership for Patient (PfP), Hospital Engagement Network (HEN) efforts
- Aligning the QIN-QIO 11<sup>th</sup> Scope of Work and the PfP to create the systematic use of innovative patient safety practices on a national level



## **Program Details**

- Contract timeframe: Sept. 2016 Sept. 2018, plus one option year
- 16 HIINs selected
- Engage the hospital, provider and broader caregiver community
- Rapid implementation of well-tested and measured best practices to reduce "harm across the board"





#### New Jersey HIIN

- All New Jersey hospitals are participating in the HIIN
- 66 hospitals participating in the NJHIIN
- NJHIIN works to support all New Jersey hospitals, even if they affiliate with other HIINs

#### Partners include:

- Quality Insights Quality Innovation Network: Healthcare Quality Strategies Inc. (HQSI)
- New Jersey Innovation Institute (NJII) Transforming Clinical Practice Initiative (TCPI)



#### Reduce Harm Across the Board

- Support hospitals to work on all 11 core areas of harm
  - Adverse drug events (ADE), to focus on at least the following three medication categories: opioids, anticoagulants and hypoglycemic agent
  - Central line-associated blood stream infections (CLABSI)
  - Catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI)
  - Clostridium difficile (C. diff) bacterial infection, including antibiotic stewardship
  - Injury from falls and immobility
  - Pressure Ulcers
  - Sepsis and Septic Shock
  - Surgical Site Infections (SSI)
  - Venous thromboembolism (VTE)
  - Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)
  - Readmissions



#### Other Areas of Focus

- Undue Exposure to Radiation
- Multi-Drug Resistant Organisms
- Sepsis Readmissions
- High Reliability



#### Goals

(based on various baselines depending on metric)



#### Goal 1

A 20 percent reduction in overall patient harm

#### Goal 2

A 12 percent reduction in 30-day readmissions



# Accomplishments to Date

HAC Topic	Rate of Change	Harm Avoided	Costs Saved	Lives Saved
ADE	-31% (avg.)	-3	(\$15,623)	0
CAUTI	-11%	147	\$147,140	3
CLABSI	-34%	103	\$1,750,777	19
C. Difficile	-24%	419	\$4,021,302	96
Falls	-28%	63	\$454,198	3
Pressure Ulcers	-24%	149	\$6,021,594	107
Sepsis	-7%	120	n/a	120
SSI	-22% (avg.)	19	\$397,630	1
VTE	-1%	-3	(\$22,104)	0
VAE	28%	-12	(\$208,004)	n/a
Radiation	-25%	431	n/a	n/a
MDRO	0%	48	\$823,299	11
Sepsis Readm.	4%	-7	(\$111,688)	n/a
Readmissions	-7%	6,095	\$53,686,416	n/a
TOTAL		7,569	\$66,944,938	360

# Multi-pronged Approach

- Engagement of hospital leaders: Hospital-specific reports
- Data to drive action: Sepsis mortality reports, CT imaging reports, antibiotic use
- Multi-disciplinary approach: Medical staff, nursing, pharmacy, infection prevention, support staff
- Evidence-based framework for improvement. CDC core elements, Surviving Sepsis Campaign, subject matter expertise
- Synergize with partners: QIN-QIO and NJDOH



### Overview of Hospital-specific Reports

- Report terms
- Adverse event area dashboards
  - Hospital current rate compared to its own baseline rate
  - Hospital current rate compared to NJHIIN current rate
- Run charts
- Tornado charts



#### **Adverse Event Area Scoring Dashboard**

Hospital-Specific

Hospital's Current Rate Compared to its own Baseline Rate				
ADVERSE EVENT AREA	SCORE	DESCRIPTION		
Adverse Drug Events from Anticoagulants		Maintained 0 Rate		
Adverse Drug Events from Opiates and Narcotics		Maintained 0 Rate		
Adverse Drug Events from Poor Glycemic Control	4	Maintained 0 Rate		
Warfarin Event	N/A	Not Reporting		
CAUTI Standardized Infection Ratio	0	Insufficient Data		
CAUTI Rate	3	Achievement		
CLABSI Standardized Infection Ratio	0	Insufficient Data		
CLABSI Rate	4	Maintained 0 Rate		
CDI Standardized Infection Ratio	1	Reporting		
CDI Rate	1	Reporting		
MRSA Standardized Infection Ratio		Insufficient Data		

#### Dashboard Legend:

0 = Insufficient current data; comparison not possible

1 = Data is being reported, but reduction targets were not met

2 = Improvement of 0% to <20% reduction was achieved (0% to <12% for readmissions)

3 = Achieved 20% reduction (12% reduction for readmissions)

4 = Had a rate of zero (0) at baseline and maintained it

N/A = Hospital does not submit data for this measure



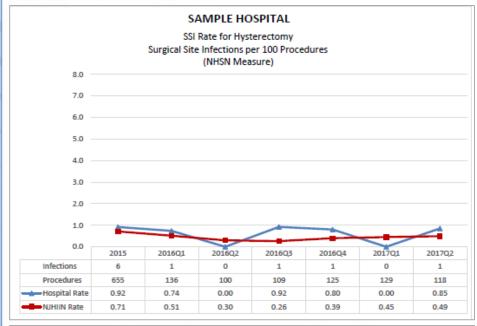
#### **Adverse Event Area Scoring Dashboard**

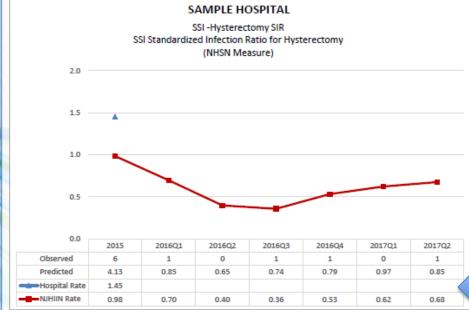
Hospital Compared to NJHIIN

Hospital's Current Rate Compared to the Statewide Current Rate				
Adverse Event Area	SCORE			
Adverse Drug Events from Anticoagulants	LOWER			
Adverse Drug Events from Opiates and Narcotics	LOWER			
Adverse Drug Events from Poor Glycemic Control	LOWER			
Warfarin Event	Not Reporting			
CAUTI Standardized Infection Ratio	Insufficient Data			
CAUTI Rate	LOWER			
CLABSI Standardized Infection Ratio	Insufficient Data			
CLABSI Rate	LOWER			
CDI Standardized Infection Ratio	HIGHER			

Dashboard Legend: LOWER = Hospital's most current rate is lower than the current NJHIIN Rate HIGHER = Hospital's most current rate is higher than the current NJHIIN Rate Insufficient Data = Hospital not reporting current data Not Reporting = Hospital does not submit data for this measure







Each chart displays your hospital's numerator and denominator used to calculate the rate and only the aggregate NJHIIN data.

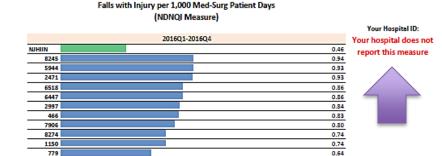
#### Please note the following:

- If your hospital does not report on a measure, the run chart will be blank.
- Standardized Infection Ratio
   (SIR) measures will only display
   a rate when the predicted value
   is greater than or equal to 1.

Please see pg. 2 of the report for more details.

#### Mortality Rate for Sepsis & Septic Shock Patients Expired While in Hospital per 100 Severe Sepsis & Septic Shock Cases (New Jersey Discharge Data System)

2016Q1-2016Q4 26.0 48.1 42.2 41.5 5002 41.1 40.2 1490 39.2 7830 6447 36.2 9162 34.0 570 33.8 2891 33.3 8274 5525 32.7 4350 32.6 9173 32.4 7226 31.7 5452 31.5 5113 31.2 30.1 ADRR 30.0 3456 29.4 4401 28.8 6336 28.3 3069 779 28.2 5574 28.0 4247 27.9 27.8 4379 8245 27.7 2997 27.6 27.3 2871 3448 27.0 1309 26.9 26.0 1150 25.9 2471 24.6 7906 24.4 24.0 4964 7863 23.6 1100 22.5 22.0 3142 21.3 5799 21.2 3394 20.6 20.6 564 9375 20.5 20.5 986 8324 20.1 5944 19.6 2606 19.4 7749 19.0 17.8 5268 17.1 990 8296 16.6 752 16.2 7923 16.1 4451 16.1 1804 15.3 8012 14.2 4373 5902 13.3 12.3 Your Hospital ID:



Falls With Injury Rate

0.59

0.56

0.56

0.56

0.55

0.55

0.54

The tornado charts contain your hospitals data charted next to that of all hospitals reporting data for these measures. The most current complete year's aggregate data is shown.

Note: Only Standardized Infection Ratio data is standardized. Standardizing the data accounts for variations in exposure and incidence as well as risk factors, promoting more fair comparisons.

## Hospital-specific Reports

- Preview reports sent to HIIN hospital leads on September 28
  - Review and contact us with any questions
- CEOs will receive a final copy October 13



# Adverse Event Area Collaborative Updates



# Adverse Drug Events

#### Opioid Misuse Series

- New Jersey epidemiology of opioid misuse, abuse, addiction and overdose related death;
- Regulations and requirements;
- Drug diversion within facilities;
- Impaired health care professional;
- Acute pain management;
- Chronic pain management;
- Opioid-related addiction and issues in the very young and very old;
- Legal implications for health care professionals related to inappropriate opioid prescribing; and,
- An overview of opioid prescribing, abuse, diversion and addiction.
- ADE Conference November 8



# **Surgical Safety**

- Enhanced Recover After Surgery
  - Patient and family engagement, including counseling about expectations for surgery and recovery
  - State of the art analgesia
  - Early mobility and restoration of functional status
  - Avoidance of prolonged periods of fasting
  - Evidence-based best practices for preventing harms
- American College of Surgeons/Armstrong Institute Collaborative
  - Cohort 1 Colon Surgery



### HAI Accomplishments

- Year long HAI Prevention Series; The Power of ZERO HAI Kills
- AHRQ Safety Program for ICUs Cohort2: CLABSI/CAUTI
  - October 2016 September 2017
  - Participation: 10 hospitals; 15 units
- States Targeting Reductions in Infections via Engagement (STRIVE)
  - April 2017 March 2018
  - Participation: 16 hospitals
- Targeted HAIs: CDI, CLABSI, CAUTI, MRSA
  - Using TAP Strategy to identify units with highest infection rates
  - TAP Workshop Attended by participating hospitals August 2017



Contact Pat Dimino <a href="mailto:pdimino@njha.com">pdimino@njha.com</a>

# Targeted Assessment for Prevention





#### HAI Plans for 2018

- Focus on VAE prevention
- Stratify HAI data by race, age, gender
- Continue Antimicrobial Stewardship programs to reduce CDI and MRSA
- TAP workshop for CAUTI and CLABSI

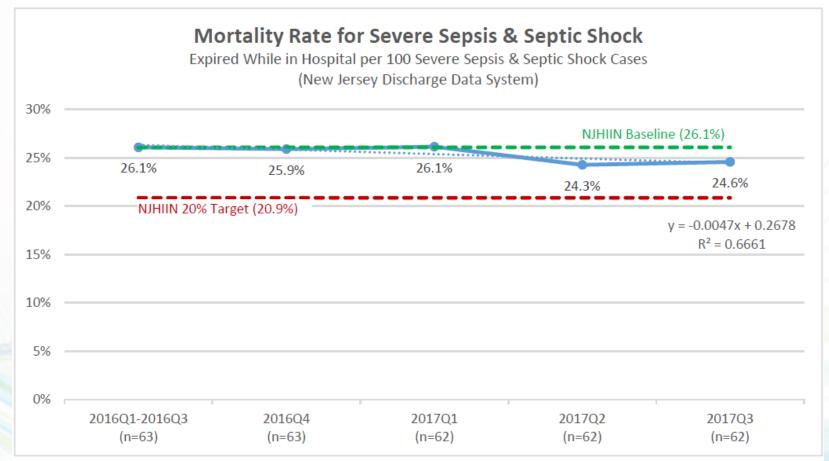


# Sepsis Updates

- Continue efforts for early screening and treatment
- Preventing sepsis readmissions
- Engaging patient and families in sepsis
- Other areas of interest
  - Documentation and coding of sepsis webinar
     October 18
  - Neonatal sepsis management webinar January 10



# **Sepsis Mortality**





# Engaging Patients and Families in Sepsis Improvement

- Partnering with Sepsis Alliance
- Sepsis Awareness Month
- New sepsis education handout







#### SUMMARY

Sepsis is caused by many common infections

- Symptoms include fever, fast heartbeat and weakness
- Seek healthcare if you think you or your loved one has sepsis
- Help prevent sepsis with handwashing

#### What you know about SEPSIS can save a life

The first step to survival is sepsis awareness.

Know four important points about sepsis:

- 1. Common causes of sepsis
- Signs and symptoms of sepsis
- 3. Steps to take if you think you have sepsis
- How to prevent sepsis

Sepsis is a health emergency. Treat Early to Save Lives

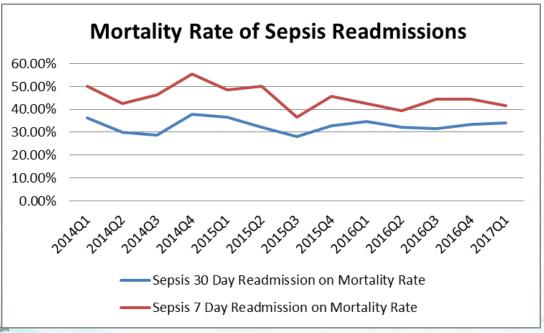
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### Sepsis Readmissions

- New data on sepsis mortality and readmissions
- Disparities of patients being readmitted (age, race, language, payer and ethnicity)





## Sepsis Readmissions Toolkit

- Patient education and family engagement
  - Patient instructions (PMAT tool, Sepsis Alliance, NJHA tool, Surviving Sepsis Campaign)
  - Discharge checklist
  - Readmission
- Preparation for next level of care (transitions)
  - Quality improvement
- Partnering with the community
- Goals of care
- Life after sepsis



#### Antimicrobial Stewardship Collaborative

#### **Accomplishments**

- Monthly webinars and multiple in-person learning sessions covering
- LTC series
  - Leadership commitment
  - Accountability
  - Drug expertise
  - Action
  - Tracking
  - Reporting
  - Education

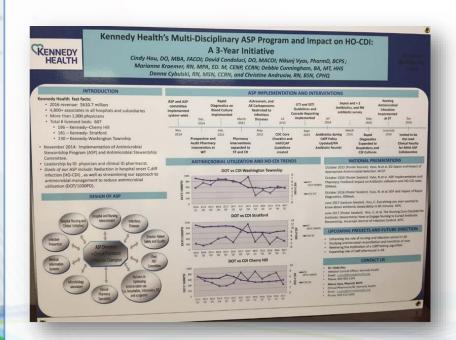
#### Plans for 2018

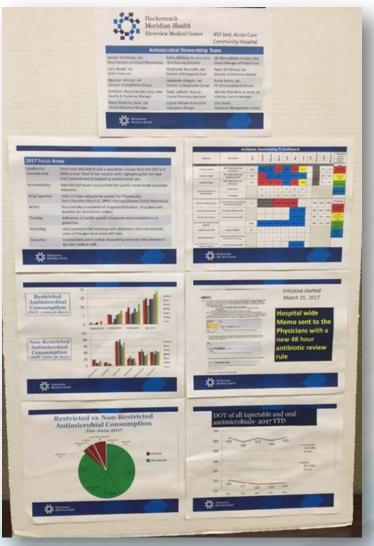
- Engage more teams in collecting antibiotic use data
- Cover more advanced topics
- ICU/Ventilated patient
- Sepsis
- Transitions of care
  - Peri-operative use
  - Pediatrics
- Continue to implement best practices



Contact Lauren Rava, <a href="mailto:lrava@njha.com">lrava@njha.com</a>

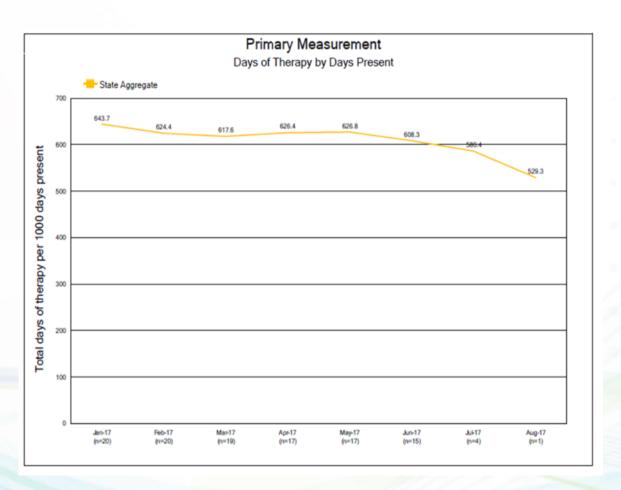
#### Antimicrobial Stewardship Collaborative







#### Results





#### Fall Prevention

- ~10 N.J. hospitals enrolled in the Falls TIPS Collaborative, led by Dr. Patti Dykes and her team from Brigham and Women's Hospital
- In-person sessions in May 2017 and April 2018, 6-part webinar series over the course of one year, including coaching webinars and content webinars on behavioral health and community-based fall prevention
- Dr. Dykes and her team provide all training materials, Falls TIPS poster, instructions, logos and FAQs, as well as constant support
- Still time to join Collaborative!



#### Venous Thromboembolisms

- Assessing the Risk for Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) in Hospitalized Medical Patients – March 17, 2017
  - Importance of identifying VTE risk factors, performing a thorough assessment for VTE risk, and initiation of VTE prophylaxis if risk is significant even with vague or missing symptoms.
- Anticoagulant Education for Patients Diagnosed with VTE - Oct 30, 2017, 12 noon – 1 p.m.
  - DOAC limitations & use in routine clinical care
  - The Joint Commission's Discharge Instructions / Education Materials for Venous Thromboembolism (VTE): A Comprehensive Approach to Medication Management

Contact Angela Centellas, <u>acentellas@njha.com</u>

## Pressure Injuries

The Pressure Injury Prevention 3-part webinar series kicked off in May 2017, to help inform hospitals of best practices in pressure injury prevention. Faculty experts in the field presented updates and best practice techniques.

#### **Accomplishments 2017**

- Identified changes in terminology from pressure ulcer to pressure injury and staging
- Reviewed pressure injury updates from the international perspective
- Defined appropriate documentation for the use of the term unavoidable pressure ulcer
- In-Person Conference Nov. 1 at NJHA Princeton, NJ

#### Plans for 2018

- Faculty lead Mary Brennan
- Targeted outreach High and low performers

Measure	Percent Change from Baseline	
HAPU (NQF 0201) Rate, Stage 2+	-23%	
PSI-3: Decubitis Ulcer Rate Stage III or IV	59%	



Contact Angela Centellas, acentellas@njha.com



# Children's Safe Imaging Collaborative

**Update** 



Contact Soniya Sheth, ssheth@njha.com

# #SCANSMART: Children's Safe Imaging Collaborative Scope of Work

- NJHIIN and N.J. Council of Children's Hospitals teamed up to focus on the use of CT scans on children with minor head injuries discharged from the ED.
- Collaborative started September 2016
- 47 hospitals committed to reducing the overall # of CT scans done on children by 20 percent
- Provided hospital-specific data highlighting the number of CT scans ordered on patients seen and treated for minor head injury prior to discharge from the ED (based on 9 ICD-9 & ICD-10 codes)

# Scope of work, cont.

- Receive quarterly data in the form of a tornado graph with all hospitals unidentified to monitor and evaluate improvement in reduction of CT scans.
- Hosted educational webinars with expert speakers to all member hospitals highlighting, use of the Pediatric Emergency Care Applied Research Network Head Injury/Trauma Algorithm (PECARN), risk of radiation in children, and the nurses role in reducing CT Imaging.
- Engage in hospital-to-hospital best practice and policy sharing



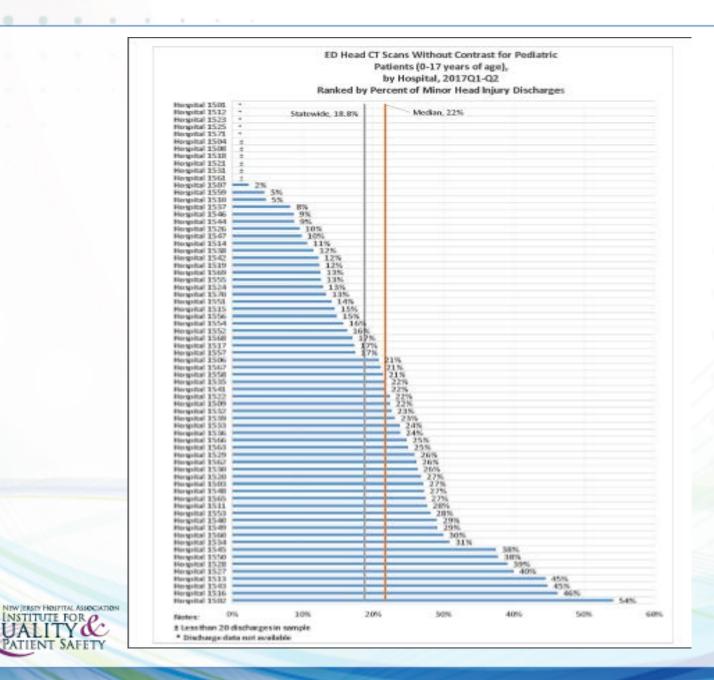
## **Collaborative Goals**

### Goals:

- Hospitals that have lower rates than the median of the Emergency
  Department Head CT Scans for Pediatric Patients (0-17 years of age)
  graph will assess current practice to determine if any improvement can be
  made.
- Hospitals that have higher rates than the median of the Emergency Department Head CT Scans for Pediatric Patients (0-17 years of age) graph will reduce head CTs by 20 percent from their current standing.

## **Achieve Goals By:**

- The Right Exam use of the Pediatric Emergency Care Applied Research Network Clinical Prediction Rule (PECARN).
- 2. The Right Way have protocols in place to reduce dual-phase head and chest CT imaging.
- The Right Radiation Dose use of size-specific pediatric CT imaging protocols.



# Accomplishments

_	Sum of	Sum of	
Time	Numerator	Denominator	Rate
Sept 2015-Aug 2016	4940	20077	24.6%
Sept 2016-July 2017	2962	14791	20.0%

Percent Change:

-18.6%

- Sent PECARN lanyards to all participating hospitals to be used by ED providers and staff
- Developed and created #SCANSMART patient resource and educational toolkit
- Toolkit sent to all EDs the week of Sept. 11



## Accomplishments, cont.



- As a parent or caregiver you always have a choice. However, it is important that you have all the informa-tion about your child's injury and symptoms. Here are some important things to remember and disease with your modelest professional:
- is there a clear medical benefit for conducting a CT
- Are there any other tests (such as an MRI or an ultra-
- with a CT sean, ask to make sure that the CT sean satting is adjusted to the stre and weight of the child so that the lowest possible dose is given
- Excess to your child that the CT seamer is large and looks like a dunut. The child will be laid that on the isthrough the donut. The lest itself is quick and paintree, and it is often encouraged that you remain with your child. Sociation may be given to keep the child still during the lest.
- Avoid multiple seams and keep track of your child's radi-ation exposure by using the pocket card attached below by listing all X-rays (including duntal), CT seams and ra-
- Talk to your child's doctors and nurses, be involved in the care plan and ask questions if you have concerns.



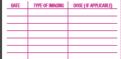




CT scans are a good way for doctors to diagnose what is happening in our bodies, but they are not without risk especially when children are involved.

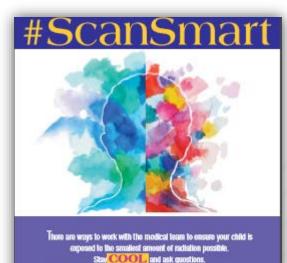












onsider using other testing (without radiation) when appropriate

nly image the indicated area

O nly scan once

by owest amount of radiation based on child's size (child-dosing) should be administered

Parents are their child's best advocate. Make sure a CT scan is necessary before agreeing to the procedure.





# Accomplishments, cont.

- Article on #SCANSMART in Fall issue of NJ AAP
  - Publication released Sept. 15 with #SCANSMART pamphlet insert and PECARN algorithm card to reach 1700+ pediatricians.



## Plans for 2018

- Continue to provide quarterly CT data to all hospitals until 2018.
- Collect information and data regarding pediatric radiation dosing and pediatric CT protocols.
- Survey to help guide HRET in creating a standard level of best practice and compliance when determining appropriate levels of radiation dosing in pediatric population.
  - Appropriate member of team complete the following survey at earliest convenience. <a href="https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/CTdosing">https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/CTdosing</a>



# Reducing Readmissions

- Partner with Quality Innovation Network, Quality Improvement Organization (QIN-QIO)
  - Planning to convene a new Community Coalition in an underserved, high need area (Passaic)
- Partner with NJ Innovation Institute's Transforming Clinical Practice Initiative (TCPI)
  - Exploring ways to engage physician practice settings



# Reducing Readmissions

- Community-based Healthcare Navigator pilot project
  - Address community-based factors that impact readmissions (health insurance status/literacy, lack of supports, chronic condition, mental illness)
  - Trained Healthcare Navigators (Veterans) use Health COACH model to provide outreach, screening for mental health and social service needs, education, patient empowerment, care coordination, and referrals
  - 4 Navigators serving in Camden, Gloucester, Burlington & Essex, Passaic, surrounding areas



# Navigator Assistance to Date

- Assisted 618 families (952 individuals)
- 135 receive long-term health coaching
  - Education on utilization/sites of healthcare, self-care
  - Assistance with medication access
  - Referrals to chronic disease management program
- 48 aided with enrolling in health coverage program
- 209 assisted with finding/setting appt. with PCP
- 113 screened and referred for mental health needs
- 507 linked to transportation, other social supports



# **Community-Based Measures**

- ACS Hospitalizations
  - % of inpatient discharges with primary care or ambulatory care-sensitive diagnoses (1<sup>st</sup> four)
- ACS ED Visits
  - % of ED treat-and-release discharges with primary care or ambulatory care-sensitive diagnoses (1<sup>st</sup> four)
- Proxy measures of access to community-based primary care
  - Conditions better treated by PCP or resulting from poor chronic disease management



# Primary Care / ACS Diagnoses

- TB
- HIV, STDs
- Virus (unspec.)
- Abnormal breast/ cervical findings
- Diabetes
- Failure to thrive
- Dehydration
- Alcohol/drug dependence
- Depression, anxietymood disorders

- ADD, disruptive behavior
- Other mental disorders
- Otitis media
- Heart disease (sel.)
- Hypertension
- Acute pharyngitis
- Acute URI (unsped.)
- Acute bronchitis
- Asthma
- GE, colitis (unspec.)

- UTI (unspec.)
- Perinatal (select)
- Lumbago
- Fever, headache
- Other/unsp. chest/ abdominal pain
- Sprain, strain, contusion
  - Finger wound
- Exposure (hot/cold)
- Attn. to surgical dressings, sutures

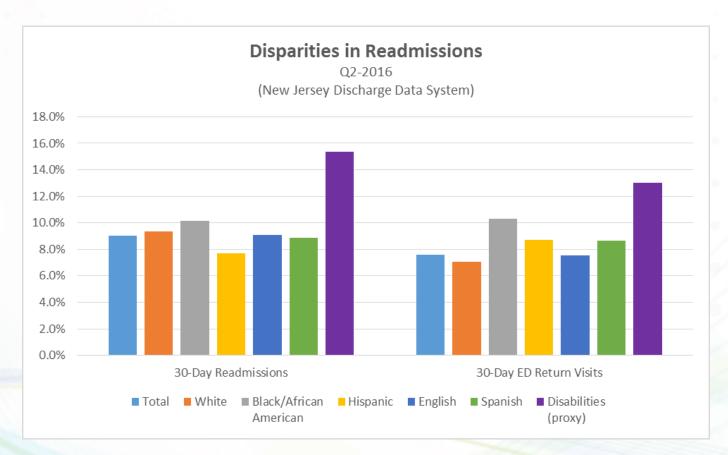


# Addressing Healthcare Disparities

- Support hospital collection of information on patient race, ethnicity and preferred language (REAL)
  - Identify gaps in data collection
  - Tools, resources, education for registrars on best data collection techniques
- Stratify data and report outcomes by age, sex, race, ethnicity, payor – aggregate and hospital level
- Interpreter Training of Bilingual Healthcare Staff
- Everyone with Diabetes Counts



# Measuring Disparities





# Health Equity Metric

- Coming soon: Gap Assessment Survey
  - Strategies for collecting REAL data from patients
  - Identifying shortcomings in the REAL data collected
  - Utilizing data on healthcare outcomes disparities
  - Establishing a culture of health equity
- Participating in design of new metric on health equity to be used by all HIINs



# Addressing Healthcare Disparities

## Next Steps

- Develop a NJHIIN-level REAL data analysis report, including more granular breakdowns of race and ethnicity categories than is currently reported
- Validate the accuracy of REAL data at the aggregate level,
   by comparing to Census data
- Facilitate a similar REAL data gap analysis trial with a pilot hospital
- Review examples of hospital-specific REAL data reports from other HIINs
- Use NJDDCS data to develop hospital REAL data reports



# Patient and Family Engagement

- Advance PFE interventions
  - In-depth webinar series around the PFE metrics identified as the greatest areas of improvement: PFE Metrics 2, 4, 5
  - PFE Conference November 15
- Patient and family advisory counsels (PFAC)
  - Goal: for every hospital in NJ to have a PFAC
- Improve cultural competency of healthcare workers around LGBT patient issues
  - Research paper available as a resource: identifies population,
     data collection issues and health disparities



# Patient and Family Engagement

- Integrate the "Voice of the Patient" into all of harm reduction approaches
  - Sepsis Collaborative has included education about sepsis and PFE
  - Pressure Ulcer Collaborative disseminating brochures of hospitals to give to patients on the early identification of pressure ulcers
  - Safe imaging (head CT) included PFCC in all sub-projects
  - Attendees at all NJHIIN in-person sessions will be surveyed on their understanding on PFE metrics and if hospitals have implemented them



# Improving Safety Culture

- What is a High Reliability Organization?
- Teamwork-based safety culture so inevitable human mistakes do not lead to patient harm
- Based on simultaneous actions in four areas
  - Inter-professional interventions
  - Behavioral changes
  - Structured leadership
  - Culture of safety as a core value



Contact Mary Ditri, <a href="mailto:mditri@njha.com">mditri@njha.com</a>

## **HRO Collaborative Details**

- 12 hospitals participating
- Boot camp and on-site SSER diagnostics
- Web-based and didactic learning sessions beginning Sept. 2017
  - Sept. 22 (SEC Criteria, SSER Reporting Expectations and Initiative Roll Out)
  - Oct. 9 (Culture Design Planning Day)
  - Oct. 23 (Culture Design Day)
  - Oct. 27 (Safety Huddles and Culture Change)
  - November 2017 May 2018 (24 programs for leadership and front-line staff)



Contact Mary Ditri, mditri@njha.com

# NJHIIN Website Update

Progress updates

Resources
 (guidelines, toolkits, patient education)

Webinar recordings Pressure Ulcars



### **New Jersey Tools**

Utilizing IHI's Breakthrough Series methodology, a learning collaborative has been established for each hospital acquired condition (HAC). Learning sessions, conference calls, and ongoing communication are vital elements that add to the robust nature and success of each collaborative. By continuing the work plans of previous collaboratives and capitalizing on successes achieved, enhancing their scope of activities, and expediting the feedback cycles for more rapid implementation of changes, well-tested and measured best practices will boast improved quality and safe patient care.

NUTOOLS CONSUMERS MONTHLY NEWSLETTERS

Improving organizational and system efficiencies is a necessary foundation to any quality improvement

Download effort. By integrating system improvements and reengineering with quality improvement initiatives, care processes and clinical outcomes will be improved. Incremental changes are necessary but not sufficient to address care quality issues. New Jersey's integrated approach is the only way that quality improvement efforts can lead to sustainable changes.

The figure below demonstrates that improved efficiency, linked with quality improvement efforts, would create safer care processes and environments, improve patient care and follow-un-improve patient safety and care outcomes, and improve

http://www.njha.com/PFP/NJTools

CLABSI

SSI

VTE

VAP



## **NJHIIN Education**

www.njha.com/education



- Webinars (complimentary)
- In-person Learning Sessions (complimentary with \$30 optional lunch charge)
- Archived Webinars on all HACS (http://www.njha.com/PFP/NJTools)



# Next Steps

- Review your NJHIIN hospital-specific report
- Visit the NJHIIN website
- Share educational program calendar with staff
- Join the NJHA-PfP listserv for updates

njha-pfp@njha-listserv.com



## Questions?

## **NJHIIN Contacts**

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